Municipal Contract Management

Michael Armstrong & Dennis Bagley
ICMA Conference Presenter



Michael Armstrong – CIO, City of Corpus Christi, TX Dennis Bagley – Partner, Plante Moran

- Experience constructing/managing municipal contracts
- Share experience regarding municipal contracts and answer your questions
- Best practices in constructing and managing municipal contracts

About Corpus Christi

- Located on Gulf of Mexico
- 490 sq. mi. (147 sq. mi. of land)
- Population: 303,000
- Major industries: Tourism, petroleum refining, military, fishing, cotton, medical
- 7th busiest port in US
- Texas A&M-Corpus Christi, Del Mar
- City employees: 3,000
- Technology leader



Performance

- Roles and Responsibilities
- Jurisdiction
- Arbitration
- Service Levels
- Modifications
- Reporting
- Transitions





Time

- Effective Date
- Performance Milestones
- Payment Milestones
- Duration
- Termination
- Renewal





Money

- Consideration
- Indemnification
- Payment Schedules
- Performance Penalties
- Buyouts
- Termination Costs





Municipal Contracting

- Providing government services by contract
- Primary reasons to pursue (incentive):
 - Reduce costs
 - Improve service levels
- Other reasons
 - Free up resources to focus on core competencies

Municipal Contracting

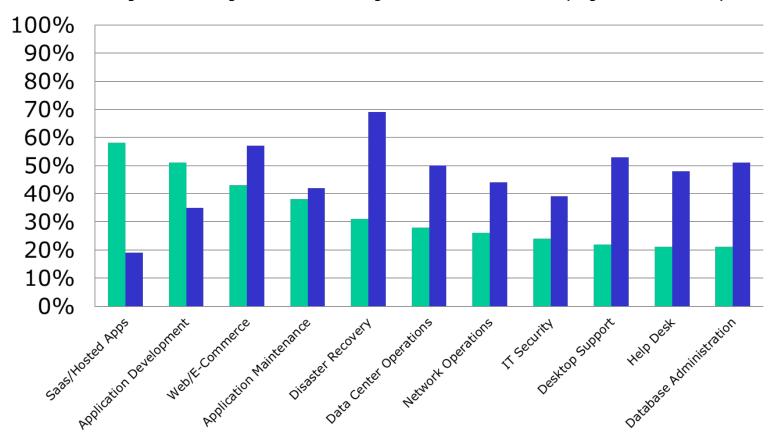
- Privatization -> Managed Competition
- Seeking accountability
- Greater competition leads to lower costs
- More providers in larger cities -> greater competition

2 Different Views - Example

	View 1	View 2	
	Technology as a strategic enabler	Technology as a cost center	
Philosophy	Invest in IT to enable service enhancements / cost reductions in other areas	Reduce costs while maintaining service levels	
Trend			
Contracting	Outsource non-strategic elements of IT (i.e. commoditized services)	Outsource all of IT	

Industry Trends - IT

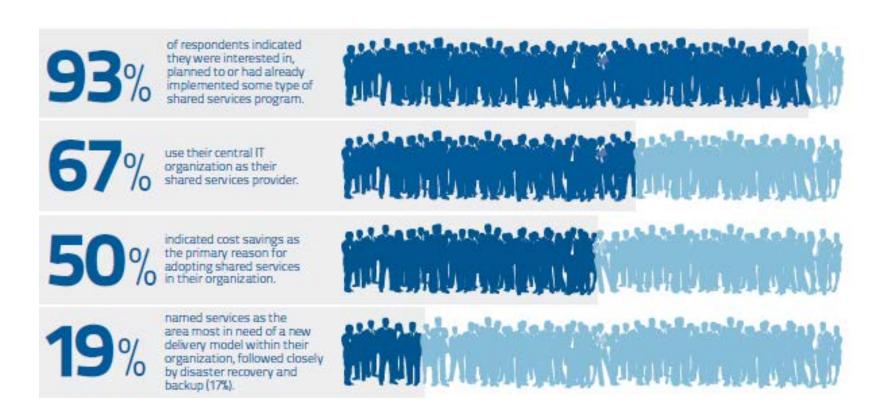
■ % of Orgs Outsourcing Each Tower ■ Avg. % of Work Outsourced (Orgs that Outsource)



Towers of Service

Source: Computer Economics, Inc. IT Outsourcing Statistics 2010/2011. October, 2010.

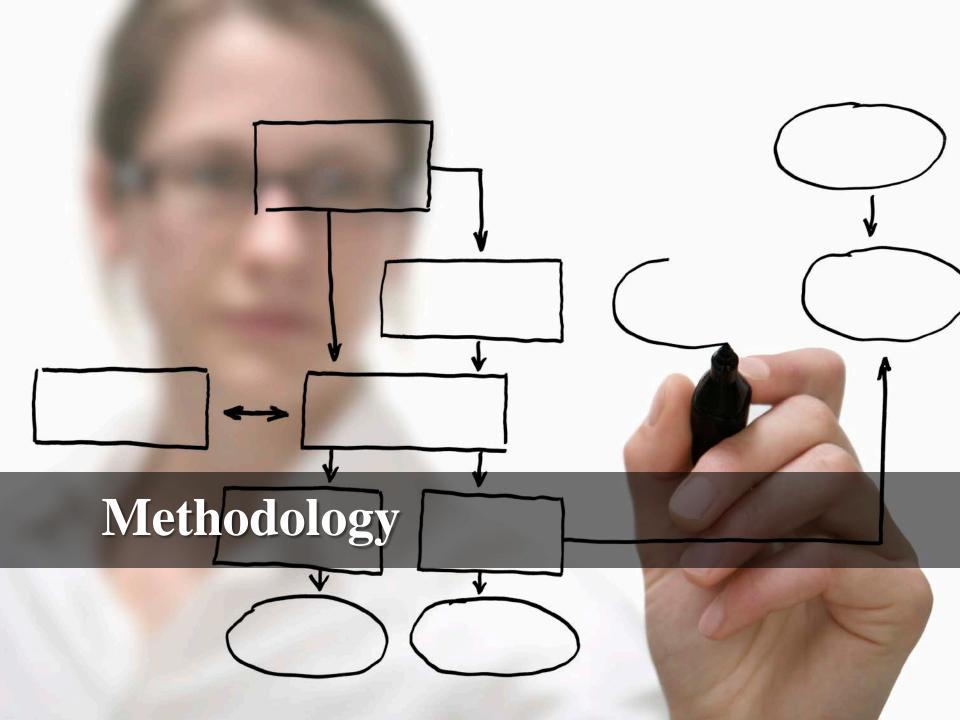
Shared Services Trend



Source: Center for Digital Government (2013)

Contracting Competency/Capacity

- Competency must be developed/acquired;
 many local governments have limited capacity
- Internal costs for contract management can represent 10% (or more) of the total contract cost



Municipal Contracting Methodology

Feasibility/
Development

Implementation/
Transition

Contract
Management

Competencies in each of these areas can be developed in-house, contracted for or a combination of both



Feasibility/Development

- Most often, more effort goes into feasibility and development
- More effort should go into developing contract management competency and capacity to:
 - Ensure a smooth transition
 - Ensure service levels are met
 - Control costs

Feasibility/Development

Services

- Increases manpower to improve service levels
- Improves employee performance and morale
- Enhances career opportunities for staff
- More efficient use of personnel
- Improves quantity and quality of service
- Reduces duplication of services
- Broadens resource accessibility / utilization

Finances

- Spreads financing responsibility and risk
- Achieves volume purchasing discounts
- Achieves economies of size, scale, and scope

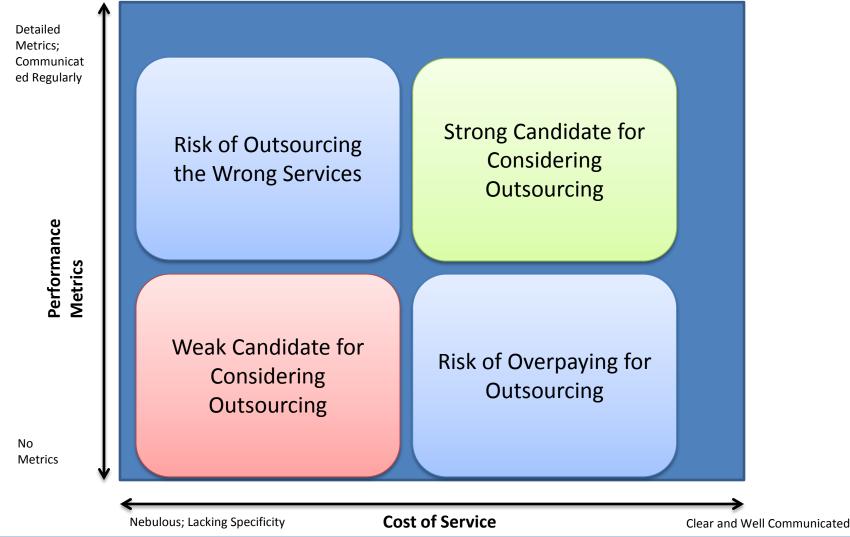
Community Relations

- Meets citizen expectations for service
- Improves equity of access to service
- Expands sense of community

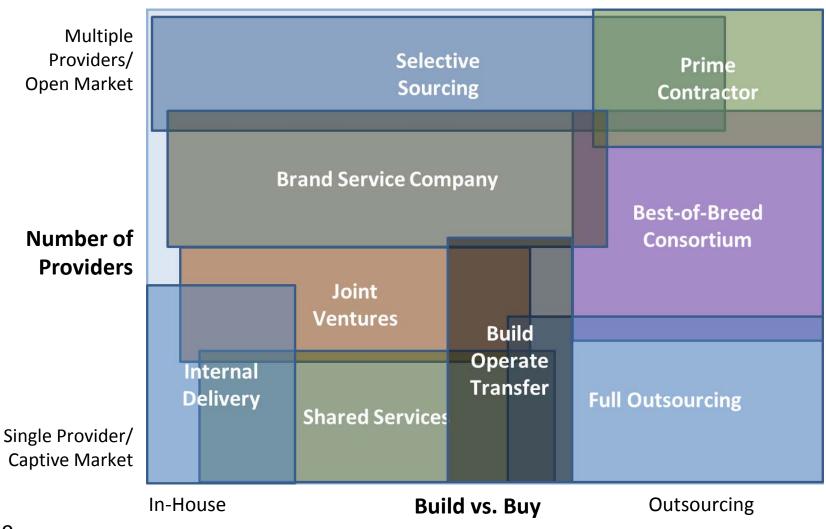
Source information taken from the MGFOA's white paper entitled "The Business Case for Interlocal Cooperation"



Feasibility/Development - Readiness



Feasibility/Development - Options



Implementation/Transition

- Avoid over-paying
- Avoid incomplete services
- Avoid ambiguity relative to service levels
- Avoid compliance issues
- Include transition period
- Include termination clause

Implementation/Transition - Example Methods

- Master Services Agreement (MSA)
 - Complex
 - Fully funded by the municipality (or shared)
- Inter-local Agreement
 - Easy to establish
 - Funding is tied to individual municipality budgets
- Authority
 - More difficult to establish
 - Funding can be tied to a dedicated revenue source, such as a millage, creating a stable and equitable funding source



Implementation/Transition - Sharing the Costs and Savings – Cost Allocation

- - Division of total costs between all parties
- Savings Allocation
 - Division of total savings between all parties
- Example
 - Unit A current cost = \$5 M, Unit B current cost = \$3M
 - Proposed solution cost = \$7M
 - Total net savings = \$1M
- The division of costs or savings determines how much each unit must pay for service





Contract Management Essentials

- 1. Governance
- 2. Senior Level Support
- 3. Effective Communication
- 4. Strong Change Management
- 5. Phased Approach to Implementation
- 6. Stay on Course
- 7. Measure Performance



1. Governance

- Identify and clarify budgetary requirements upfront
- Clearly define scope along with quality and time expectations
- Build a strong business case for the contract based on measurable returns
- Defined governance structure and clearly defined roles and responsibilities for the team
- Clearly define and closely managed decision making process with appropriate decision making authority



2. Senior Level Support

- Obvious but "absolutely critical" to a successful partnership
- People within the organization who have credibility and are willing to champion the contract and sell the concept to constituencies
- Build a rapport and trust among leaders
- Ensures appropriate human and financial resources for the project
- Must be sustained

3. Effective Communication

- Element that most addresses the human element of the contract
- Comprehensive communication plan developed during development phase
- Open communication during planning, implementation and contract management that clearly conveys how the various constituencies will be affected

4. Strong Change Management

- Four stages:
 - 1. Assess the organization's willingness and ability to change
 - 2. Build a strategy to make the change
 - 3. Implement the change and track progress
 - 4. Evaluate experiences and address lessons learned from the change
- Multiple organizations surveyed said their organization should have begun change management efforts earlier
- Change is difficult expect dissension from employees or other constituents



5. Approach to Implementation

- Most governments surveyed recommend a phased implementation over a parallel approach or direct cutover of services
- Consider pilot projects; small successes to develop a 'track record' before additional services are rolled out
- Institute contract management competency and build capacity

6. Stay on Course

- Need for a dedicated contract management role
- Flexibility is needed, but it is important to stay on the selected course
- Track "Issues & Action Items"; set realistic dates and assign responsibility to named individuals
- Defined and consistently followed processes for:
 - Payment
 - Service delivery
 - Service level monitoring
 - Escalation
 - Etc.

7. Measure Performance

- Measure performance as much as possible; continually identify measurable returns for the contract
- Choose metrics that are aligned with constituent expectations
- Develop processes and systems to measure and report on performance
- Escalation process for measures that do not meet goals on a consistent basis
- Remedies for insufficient performance



	Measurement	Bench- mark	Goal	Floor	Measurement Period
People	Staff Retention Rate		90%	80%	Quarterly
	Staff Education Plans Compliance		75%	60%	Quarterly
Quality	Failed Change Management Requests		5%	10%	Monthly
	System Availability (Up Time)		99.9%	99.0%	Monthly
	Network Availability (Up Time)		99.9%	99.0%	Monthly
	Telecommunications Availability (Up Time)		99.9%	99.0%	Monthly
Service	Annual the City Satisfaction Score	5.00	4.5	4.00	Annual
	Weekly the City Satisfaction Scores	5.00	4.5	4.00	Monthly
	Tickets Resolved First Contact		25%	20%	Monthly
	Incident Response Time - Urgent Severity		15 minutes	30 minutes	Monthly
	Incident Response Time - High Severity		15 minutes	30 minutes	Monthly
	Incident Response Time - Medium Severity		30 minutes	2 hrs	Monthly
	Incident Response Time - Low Severity		2 hrs	4 hrs	Monthly
	Request Response Time		2 hrs	24 hrs	Monthly
	Time to Resolve Urgent Severity		4 hrs	12 hrs	Monthly
	Time to Resolve High Severity		12 hrs	24 hrs	Monthly
	Time to Resolve Medium Severity		24 hrs	5 days	Monthly
	Time to Resolve Low Severity		5 days	10 days	Monthly
Access & Projects	Projects within Budget		90%	80%	Monthly
	Projects Timely Completion		90%	80%	Monthly
	Project Survey Results		80%	70%	Monthly
Finance	Operational Budget Variance		5%	15%	Quarterly



MMSA

Profile

- State of Michigan Michigan Municipal Services Authority
- Population:

Shared Services

Initial projects include: ERP Solutions

Results

- Interlocal Agreement between Grand Rapids and Livonia; others may be added
- The MMSA may provide services and functions to participants under express written consents and agreements.
- Participants are not financially obligated or required to provide services through the MMSA or transfer functions to the MMSA.
- ERP RFP Release September 2013



Local Govt. Info. Systems (LOGIS)

Profile

- 45 member cities; LOGIS has 54 staff
- Joint Powers Act; separate government org run by its members
- No service level agreements!

Shared Services

- A variety of information systems including payroll, public safety, etc.
- Started with a shared services study, followed through with:
 - Governance
 - Automatic Mutual Aid Agreement
- A great deal of cooperation

Results

- Saved "millions of dollars" over the years for its members
- Each organization has a vote
- Vested organizations have board representation
- Cost model to determine charges (e.g., # of utility accounts, etc.)

Source: Government Technology (January 2012)



Genesee Intermediate School Dist.

APPENDIX A – SERVICES
GENESEE INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL DISTRICT
Technical Services
Management and Oversight of Technical Services for
Michigan School for the Deaf (MSD)
2012 – 2013 SCHOOL FISCAL YEAR

Required Services. GISD will provide the following Shared Technical Support Services (STS)

- Remote Network Administration and Support
- Local Network Administration and Support
- Local File Server Administration and Support
- Local File Server Backup Services Administration and Support
- Remote Desktop Support (1st Level)
- 6. Local Desktop Support (2nd Level) 20 hours per week on-site PC technician
- Local System Administration
- Remote System Monitoring
- Management of District Technology Helpdesk
- Management of GISD Shared Technical Support Staff

The listed services (1 through 10 above) are based on normal operational daily support needs and activities and are covered by the \$80,439.56 per year fee. Optional Services as shown below are available at additional cost and not covered in the \$80,439.56 per year base pricing.



Questions/Comments?

MichaelAr@cctexas.com

Dennis.Bagley@plantemoran.com



